Charles Rennie Mackintosh was a Scottish architect and designer. Born in Glasgow in 1868, he is known for his contributions to the Art Nouveau movement. Mackintosh's works, particularly his designs for the Glasgow School of Art, have had a lasting impact on architecture and design.

Mackintosh's career was relatively short, but he managed to establish himself as a leading figure in the Art Nouveau movement. His designs were characterized by their use of organic forms and a strong emphasis on simplicity and elegance. Mackintosh's work has been widely admired by architects and designers around the world, and his legacy continues to inspire new generations of designers today.
Designed by Charles Rennie Mackintosh. © Victoria and Albert Museum, London. Menu design for Margaret Macdonald. Designed in 1911, by Charles Rennie Mackintosh. Wikimedia Commons. Settle. Designed by Charles Rennie Mackintosh. Made in 1916. Given by Mrs. F. j. Bassett-Lowke. © Victoria and Albert Museum, London. Glasgow School of Art designed by Charles Rennie Mackintosh. Photograph by P. Joyce. Wikimedia Commons. From lacquer artist to cutting-edge designer and modernist architect, Eileen Gray was an independent talent who influenced many and is regarded as one of the most important figures in her fields of the early 20th century. My Story. Robin and Lucienne Day. Charles Rennie Mackintosh Perhaps Scotland's most famous architect, Mackintosh was born in Glasgow in 1868. A pioneer of modernism the architect, artist and designer created his own aesthetic by blending numerous influences from art nouveau to Asian painting. During his lifetime Mackintosh had only a small number of buildings realised, with the majority of his major projects including the Glasgow School of Art, Hill House and Willow Tea Rooms all being built before he turned forty. In later life he stopped practicing architecture altogether due to a lack of commissions, and concentrated o Charles Rennie Mackintosh was a British artist who represented the Glasgow artistic School. His watercolours, architecture and design projects (interior, furniture, textile) had some traits of the European Symbolism and influenced a lot the development of the Modern movement in Scotland. Charles Rennie Mackintosh started his professional career at the firm Honeyman and Keppie which he joined in 1889. His debut project was the Glasgow Herald Building (currently The Lighthouse). Five years later, the artist became a partner of the company and his surname was added to its title.

Charles Rennie Mackintosh.